Pea Soup Limited Tel: +44 (0)1642 769952 Fax +44 (0)20 7100 7526 Email: support@smokemachines.net

HZL Hazer Fluid

Health & Safety Data – SDS – Reviewed May 2026

1. Identification of the Substance/Preparation and the Company/Undertaking

Product identifier: HZL Hazer Fluid
Product name: HZL Hazer Fluid
REACH registered name: White Mineral Oil – Pharmaceutical Grade
REACH registered No: 01-211948707078-27
CAS Number: 8042-47-5
Chemical Synonyms: Liquid Paraffin, meeting the requirements of European Pharmacopoeia and FDA 178.3620(a) and 172.878

Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet:
Pea Soup Ltd
Unit 3 Thornwood Ave, Ingleby TS17 0RS United Kingdom
Emergency telephone number: +44 (0)1642 769952
Email: sales@smokemachines.net

2 Hazards Identification

2.1 Classification of the Substance or Mixture: CLP Regulation 1272/2008/EC
Does not contain any components which are hazardous according to DSD [67/548/EC] or CLP Regulation 1272/2008/EC. For further information refer to Section 11 – Toxicological Information

2.2 Label Elements:
Does not require a hazard warning label in accordance with DSD [67/548/EC] or CLP Regulation 1272/2008/EC

2.3 Other Hazards:
PBT: This product is not identified as a PBT / vPvB substance
Hot liquid may cause thermal burns.

3 Composition

3.1 Substances: Not Applicable
3.2 Mixtures: White, pharmaceutical grade mineral oil

CAS-No:	Substance Name	% Range	EC Number	REACH Reg No
8042-47-5	White Mineral Oil (petroleum)	100	232-455-8	01-211948707078-27

There are no additional ingredients present which, within current knowledge of the supplier, are classified and contribute to the classification of the substance and hence require reporting in this section in accordance with Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008.

4 First aid measures

4.1 Description of First Aid Measures
General Information: Remove contaminated / saturated clothing immediately. In case of accident or illness seek medical advice immediately.
Inhalation: Remove the affected person to fresh air, keep warm and rest. If recovery is not rapid, obtain medical attention
Skin Contact: Wash the affected parts of the body with soap and water. No emergency measures are necessary but if adverse skin effects follow, refer for medical attention.
Eye Contact: Flush eyes immediately with fresh water for at least 5 minutes while holding the eyelids open. No emergency measures are necessary but if adverse eye effects follow, refer for medical attention.
Ingestion: Do not induce vomiting. No emergency measures are needed but if adverse health effects follow or large amounts are swallowed, refer for medical attention.
Self-Protection of First Aider: First aider, pay attention to self-protection.
4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed
Inhalation: Over-heated oil can produce fumes which may be irritant when breathed in.
Skin Contact: May cause slight irritation to skin.
Ingestion: No known significant effects or critical hazards
Eye Contact: May cause slight irritation to eyes
4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed
In contact with or splashed by hot liquid:
Skin Contact Cool the skin immediately with cool water. Treat burns according to their severity. Obtain medical attention. Never try to remove the material with solvents.
Contact with eyes Cool the area immediately with cold water. Seek advice of an ophthalmologist.

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Specific Treatment: First Aider, decontamination, treatment of symptoms.
Notes to doctor: Treat symptomatically.

5 Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media: Foam, dry chemical, carbon dioxide, water mist.
5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture: Slight flammability hazard when exposed to heat or flame. During a fire, toxic gases (carbon monoxide, nitrous gases) may be generated by thermal decomposition or combustion.
5.3 Advice for firefighters: Only suitably trained personnel should attempt to tackle fires. Do not stay in the danger zone without respiratory protective equipment and protective clothing.

6 Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures: Surfaces may become slippery after spillage.
6.2 Environmental precautions: Water may be used to flush spills away from sources of ignition. Do not allow the product to enter public drainage system or open water courses.
6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up: Use Sand or active clay to absorb spilled substance and remove to containers for disposal
6.4 Reference to other Sections: See sections 8 and 13

7 Handling and storage

7.1 Precautions for safe handling: Avoid skin contact. Do not wear contaminated clothing. Avoid contact with the eyes – wear chemical protective goggles when handling the product. Protective clothing such as impervious gloves should be worn if skin contact is anticipated. Protective clothing should be regularly inspected and maintained, discard oil saturated leather articles. The use of barrier and after work creams may be beneficial. Wash hands after working with the material.
7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities: Keep containers tightly closed. Avoid heat and sources of ignition. Store in original containers or in other mild steel or high density polyethylene containers which are closable and clearly labelled. Clean up any spilled material immediately

8 Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

8.1 Control Parameters: Oil mist < 5mg/m^3. Exposure should be kept as low as reasonably possible by good ventilation and safe working practices.
DNEL / PNEC Values: - No Data Available
8.2 Exposure Controls:
Appropriate engineering measures: Facilities storing/utilising this material should be equipped with an eyewash facility.
Respiratory protection: Type approved RPE for organic vapours and mists if required
Eye protection: Wear appropriate eye goggles.
Skin protection: No special precautions are needed beyond clean working conditions and safe handling practices. Change heavily contaminated clothing.
Hand protection: Use impervious gloves [conforming to EN374] PVC is suitable for casual contact. If direct contact for more than 2 hours then Neoprene or nitrile gloves recommended.

8.3 Environmental Exposure Controls: See sections 6, 7, 12 and 13
The resultant smoke produced by appropriate Pea Soup smoke and haze generators has been rigorously tested to ensure that in normal conditions it is non-toxic. Independent health and safety reports (available on request) indicate that dense smoke concentrations can be entered without any serious health risk for short periods of time. Copies available on request. We do nevertheless recommend the following;

- persons who are asthmatic or suffer from a respiratory complaint are not subjected to dense smoke concentrations
- the use of suitable PPE in the event of extended exposure or repeated exposure to such environments (Pea Soup recommend the 3m 6000 facemask with 2 x 2135 p3 particulate filters, or similar)
- if used in conjunction with live fires, where, by definition there is the potential for products of combustion to be formed, along with other hazards (unburnt propane etc.), self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) should always be worn.

9 Physical and Chemical Properties

9.1 Information on basic chemical and physical properties:

Appearance:	Colourless Liquid (at elevated temperature)
Odour:	Odourless
Odour threshold:	Not determined
pH:	Neutral
Melting point/ Congealing point:	Not Applicable
Boiling point/ range:	310 - 550°C

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Flash Point:	> 160°C, (ASTM D92, COC)
Evaporation Rate:	<0.1 (n-Bu Acetate= 1)
Flammability (solid, gas):	May be combustible at high temperature
Explosion Limits:	Not determined
Vapour pressure:	<0.1 mmHg at 20^0C
Vapour density:	>1 at 101.3kPa (air= 1)
Relative density (at 15°C):	0.83 – 0.86 kg/l
Solubility in water:	Insoluble
Solubility in other solvents:	Petroleum Ether, Ethyl Acetate
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water:	Not Determined
Auto-ignition temperature:	>160°C.
Decomposition temperature:	Not determined
Viscosity (Kinematic, at 40°C):	21~32 cSt
Explosive properties:	Not determined
Oxidizing properties:	Not determined

9.2 Other Information: None

10 Stability and Reactivity

10.1 Reactivity: This product is not reactive under normal storage and handling conditions (see section 7).
10.2 Chemical stability: Under normal storage and handling conditions, this product is stable. May react with strong oxidising agents, especially at high temperatures.
10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions: No specific hazardous reactions are expected to occur.
10.4 Conditions to avoid: Extremes of temperature (preferably, store between 5 & 39 °C).
10.5 Incompatible materials: May react with strong oxidants (e.g. chlorates, peroxides).
10.6 Hazardous decomposition products: Thermal decomposition or incomplete combustion may produce carbon monoxide, nitrous gases and irritating fumes.

11 Toxicological Information

11.1 Information on toxicological effects – White Mineral Oil

Acute Toxicity

Acute Toxicity (oral)	LD50>5000mg/kg
Acute Toxicity (dermal)	LD50>2000mg/kg
Acute Toxicity (inhalation)	LC50 >5200mg/m^3/4hr
Skin Corrosive / Irritation:	Not Irritant
Serious Eye Damage Irritation:	Repeated or prolonged contact spray, mist or vapours may cause eye irritation but no permanent damage.
Respiratory Sensitisation:	This material has a low vapour pressure and does not cause an irritation to the breathing passages. Aspiration of spray, mist or vapour may cause chemical pneumonitis.
Skin Sensitisation:	Non-sensitising
Repeated Dose Toxicity:	Prolonged contact to skin or eyes can cause irritation and possible dermatitis.
Mutagenicity:	Negative to Modified Ames test
Carcinogenicity:	Does not contain any IARC Group 1, 2(a) or 2(b) Listed Chemicals. Polycyclic Aromatic Hydrocarbons by IP346 <1.0%.
Reproductive Toxicity:	Not determined

12 Ecological Information

12.1 Toxicity: White Mineral Oil

Environmental Fate – this material, because of its density, will float on water. Since it consists of relatively low molecular weight paraffinic substances, small spillages into water will be dispersed by evaporation and biodegradation.

Aquatic toxicity (fish):	LC50 >400,000ppm in 96h – Rainbow Trout (0% mortality)
Aquatic toxicity (algae):	not established.
Aquatic toxicity (invertebrate):	LC50 > 500,000ppm in 96h – Mysidopsis bahia.
Mobility:	This material will float on water. For other Physio-chemical properties see section 9.
Biodegradation:	Readily biodegradable, with a degradation >60% over the 28 day exposure time (OECD Test 301B).
Bioaccumulation potential:	Bioaccumulation is unlikely due to the very low water solubility of this product. Bioavailability to aquatic organisms is minimal.

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Other Ecological information: Although not toxic to vertebrates and invertebrates, spilled material may affect organisms (especially small invertebrates) by physical smothering leading to or by deoxygenation of the water below the oil film.

Results of PBT/vPvB assessment: This substance does not fulfil the criteria for being classed as a PBT or vPvB substance.

13 Disposal Considerations

13.1 Waste treatment methods: Transport to authorised waste location, or incinerate under controlled conditions (EU Directives 2000/76/EC and 1999/31EC apply). European Waste Catalogue No. 050199/130899.

14 Transport Information

14.1 UN number: Not Classified.
14.2 UN Proper shipping name: Not Classified
14.3 Transport Hazard Class(es): Not Classified
14.4 Packing Group: Not Classified
14.5 Environmental Hazards: None
14.6 Special Precautions for user: None
14.7 Transport in bulk according To Annex II of MARPOL73/78 and the IBC code: Not Classified

15 Regulatory Information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture:

EU Regulations Directive 67/548/EC
Regulation [EC] 1272/2008
Regulation [EC] 1907/2006

15.2 Chemical Safety Assessment: The supplier has not performed a chemical safety assessment of this substance.

16 Other Information

Indication of changes: All sections revised according to Regulation [EC] No 1272/2008 [CLP] in preparation for the 1 June 2015 deadline. The above information is applicable to the following grades supplied from 1st June 2015. Always refer to operating instructions before use. The above products are not classified as VOC's

Abbreviations & Acronyms

PNEC	**Predicted No Effect Level**
DNEL	**Derived No Effect Level**
LD50	**Median Lethal Dose**
LC50	**Median Lethal Concentration**
CAS No	**Chemical Abstract Services number**
CLP	**Classification Labelling and Packaging Regulation**
ES	**Exposure Scenario**
EC	**European Commission**
EC No	**European Chemical Number – EINECS - ELINCS**
ECHA	**European Chemical Agency**
EINECS	**European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances**
ELINCS	**European List of Notified Chemical Substances.**

Legal Disclaimer

The above information is based on the present state of our knowledge of the product at the time of publication. It is given in good faith, no warranty is implied with respect to the quality or the specification of the product. The user must satisfy themselves that the product is entirely suitable for their purpose.

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